Simplify. Assume that no variable equals 0. 1.  $(3x^2y^{-3})(-2x^3y^5)$ 

ANSWER: 
$$-6x^5 y^2$$

2. 
$$4t(3rt - r)$$

 $12rt^2 - 4rt$ 

3. 
$$\frac{3a^4b^3c}{6a^2b^5c^3}$$

# ANSWER:

$$\frac{a^2}{2b^2c^2}$$

$$4. \left(\frac{p^2 r^3}{p r^4}\right)^2$$

ANSWER:

$$\frac{p^2}{r^2}$$

5. 
$$(4m^2 - 6m + 5) - (6m^2 + 3m - 1)$$
  
ANSWER:  
 $-2m^2 - 9m + 6$ 

6.  $(x + y)(x^2 + 2xy - y^2)$ ANSWER:

 $x^{3} + 3x^{2}y + xy^{2} - y^{3}$ 

7. **MULTIPLE CHOICE** The volume of the rectangular prism is  $6x^3 + 19x^2 + 2x - 3$ . Which polynomial expression represents the area of the base?



ANSWER:

$$3x^2 - x + 4 - \frac{4}{x - 5}$$

10. Describe the end behavior of the graph. Then determine whether it represents an odd-degree or an even-degree polynomial function and state the number of real zeros.



ANSWER: end behavior:  $f(x) \rightarrow \infty$  as  $x \rightarrow -\infty$  and  $f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$  as  $x \rightarrow \infty$ ; odd degree function; 3 real zeros 11. MULTIPLE CHOICE Find p(-3) if  $p(x) = \frac{2}{3}x^3 + \frac{1}{3}x^2 - 5x$ . F 0 G 11 H 30 J 36 ANSWER: F

12. **PENDULUMS** The formula  $L(t) = \frac{8t^2}{\pi^2}$  can be used to find the length of a pendulum in feet when it

swings back and forth in *t* seconds. Find the length of a pendulum that makes one complete swing in 4 seconds.

## ANSWER:

about 12.97 ft

13. MULTIPLE CHOICE Find 3f(a-4) - 2h(a) if f

(x) = 
$$x^{2} + 3x$$
 and  $h(x) = 2x^{2} - 3x + 5$ .  
A  $-a^{2} + 15a - 74$   
B  $-a^{2} - 2a - 1$   
C  $a^{2} + 9a - 2$   
D  $-a^{2} - 9a + 2$   
ANSWER:  
D

14. **ENERGY** The power generated by a windmill is a function of the speed of the wind. The approximate

power is given by the function  $P(s) = \frac{s^3}{1000}$ , where s represents the speed of the wind in kilometers per hour. Find the units of power P(s) generated by a windmill when the wind speed is 18 kilometers per hour.

ANSWER:

5.832 units

Use  $f(x) = x^3 - 2x^2 - 3x$  for Exercises 15–17. 15. Graph the function.

#### ANSWER:



16. Estimate the *x*-coordinates at which the relative maxima and relative minima occur.

## ANSWER:

x = -0.5 and 2

17. State the domain and range of the function.

## ANSWER:

 $D = \{all real numbers\}, R = \{all real numbers\}$ 

18. Determine the consecutive integer values of x between which each real zero is located for  $f(x) = 3x^2 - 3x - 1$ .

#### ANSWER:

between -1 and 0 and between 1 and 2

## Refer to the graph.



19. Estimate the *x*-coordinate of every turning point, and determine if those coordinates are relative maxima or relative minima.

## ANSWER:

maximum at  $x \approx 1$ ; minima at  $x \approx -1.5$  and  $x \approx 4$ 

# Mid-Chapter Quiz: Lessons 5-1 through 5-4

20. Estimate the *x*-coordinate of every zero.

# ANSWER: -2, -0.5, 2.5, 5

21. What is the least possible degree of the function?

ANSWER:

4